

- Explanatory Note
- Risk Assessment Toolkit Manual Version
- Risk Assessment Toolkit Example
- The Risk Taxonomy
- Risk Treatment Measures
- $\frac{1}{16}$ The 5 × 5 Risk Matrix



The ITC SheTrades Initiative

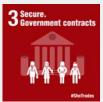
The International Trade Centre's SheTrades Initiative is a global movement to unlock women's full eocnomic potential through trade.

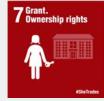










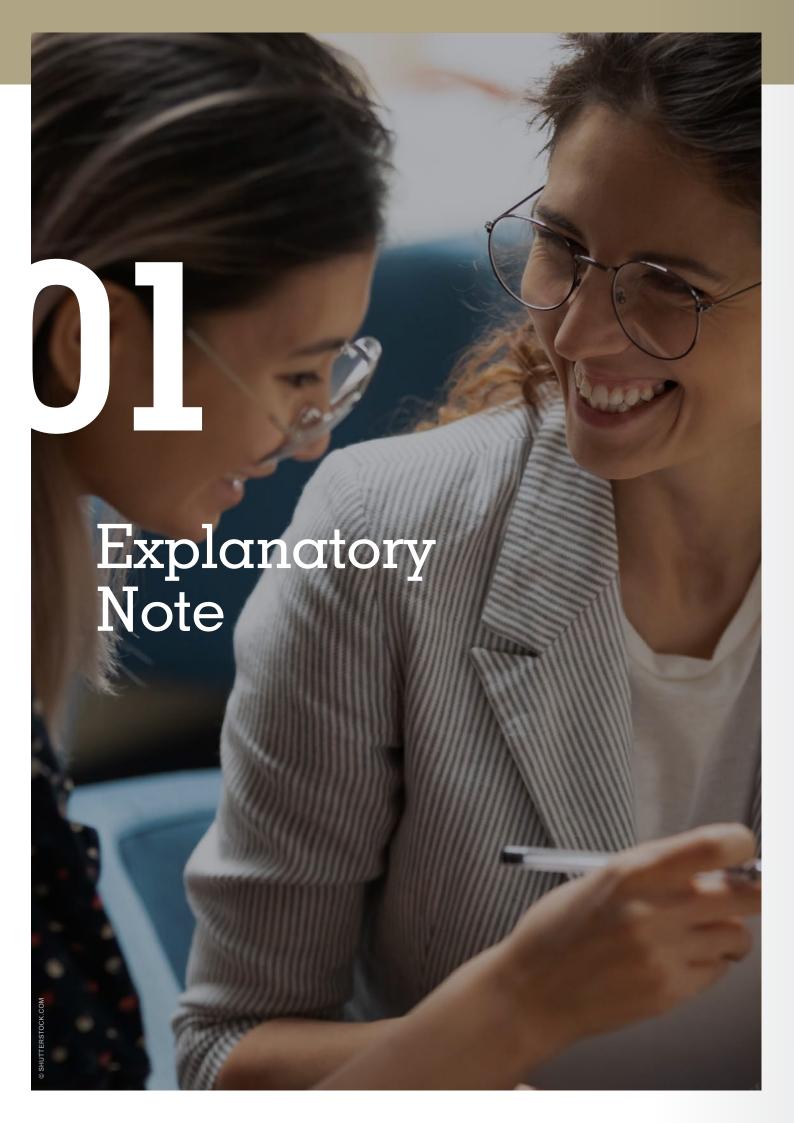






SheTrades aims to promote a women-inclusive business ecosystem through a multi-pronged and multistakeholder approach - and it does this through its blueprint of seven global actions.

By working with governments, business support organizations, the private sector and women producers and entrepreneurs, we create the right capacities and conditions for sustainable impact at scale.



ABOUT THE TOOLKIT

This tool aims to enable institutions and/or enterprises to efficiently conduct risk analysis through a comprehensive and simplified structure.

More specifically, by using this tool, institutions and/or enterprises should be able to:

- 1. Identify risks which they might face¹;
- 2. Recognize triggers, which could contribute to the evolution of identified risks;
- 3. Determine the level of risks by using the 5×5 to conduct joint analysis of likelihood and impact indicators;
- 4. Select suitable risk mitigation measures;
- 5. Allocate responsibilities for the implementation of risk mitigation measures;
- 6. Better understand the available resources needed to implement the desired risk mitigation options, and if necessary, the mobilization of these resources.

	ALMOST CERTAIN (81-1001) "Is expected to occur"	5 MODERATE	10 MODERATE	15 MAJOR	20 SEVERE	25 SEVERE	
	LIKELY (61-801) "will occur"	4 MINOR	8 MODERATE	12 MAJOR	16 MAJOR	20 SEVERE	
Likelihood	POSSIBLE (41-603) "could occur"	3 MINOR	6 MODERATE	9 MODERATE	12 MAJOR	15 MAJOR	
	UNLIKELY (21-46X) "might occur"	2 MINOR	4 MINOR	6 MODERATE	8 MODERATE	10 MODERATE	
	RARE (1-20X) "may [exceptionally] occur"	1 MINOR	2 MINOR	3 MINOR	4 MINOR	5 MODERATE	

This risk assessment tool is supplemented by a 5×5 Risk Matrix and Risk Taxonomy. An example demonstrating analysis – which could be performed using the tool – is provided on page 11.

This tool does **NOT** include a risk appetite statement². It is nevertheless recommended that such general statement is elaborated and approved by the manager(s) or authority(ies) in the enterprise/institution.

If the risk appetite statement is not yet established, this tool could be used to support its development

2

^{1 | &#}x27;Risk' is used here to refer to future events which might occur; it does not however refer to events which have already taken place

^{2 |} According to the Financial Stability Board, risk appetite refers to the "aggregate level and types of ris a financial institution is willing to assume within its risk capacity to achieve its strategic objectives and business plan." For more information, click here.

TWO VERSIONS OF THE TOOLKIT

The Risk Assessment Toolkit is presented in two versions: first, a 'dropdown' and clickable version, and second, a 'manual' version.

of risk		Risk Assessment	Current Treatment of risk (IF IN PLACE)			
now it is emerging?	How serious is th	e risk? (based on the 5 x 5	Is anything done about th	is What are the dynamics?		
Risk triggers	Likelihood of occurrence of the risk	Impact of the risk Seriousness of risk		Processes in place of relevance to the risk	Change in risk	
		linked ary material				
			,	the list	er your cursor over cell. The dropdown appears when you ck on the 'down' arrow	
				<u> </u>		

DROPDOWN

Version 01

In the dropdown version, present-response options can be selected from the dropdown list which is integrated into the relevant cell. Supplementary materials (i.e. the 5×5 Risk Matrix or Choice of Risk Treatment Measures) are also integrated via hyperlinks. To access this version, a computer/laptop and Microsoft Excel software is needed.

3

Identification	of risk		Risk assessment		Current Treatm
What is the risk and how to	know it is emerging?	How serious is the	Is anything done about this risk yet?		
Type of risk [cause + effect]	Risk triggers	Likelyhood of occurrence of the risk	Impact of the risk	Seriousness of risk	Processes in place of relevance to the risk
What is the risk about (in cause + effect format)	What are the warning signs indicating that the risk is likely to occur?	What is the probability of occurrence of this risk? (Please use the risk matrix)	How much this risk would impact the entity, If it would occur? (Please use the risk matrix)	What is the overall seriousness of the risk? Derivative from the combination of the other two criteria (Please use the risk matrix)	Describe anything that is alredy done with respect to the risk
[Choose one:] USE BSO RISK TAXONOMY	[Enter text:] Identify warning signs	[Choose one:] Almost certain (81-100%) Likely (61-80%) Possible (41-60%) Unlikely (21-40%) Rare (1-20%)	[Choose one:] Catastrophic Major Moderate Minor Insignificant	[Choose one:] Severe Major Moderate Minor	[Enter text:] Describe relevant measures

MANUAL

Version 02

In this manual option of the risk assessment tool, users can directly input responses of their choosing into the cell. This can be done either through the Excel software or writing on a printed copy of the spreadsheet. In contrast to the dropdown version, supplementary materials such as the Risk Taxonomy, 5×5 Risk Matrix, and the Choice of Risk Mitigation Measures, can be accessed through separate sheets.

HOW TO USE THE TOOL

The Risk Assessment Tool builds upon the Crisis Management Toolkit (CMT) and is not constrained by the latter; it is also open to more general or regular use. As such, the Risk Assessment Tool can support the CMT in two ways:

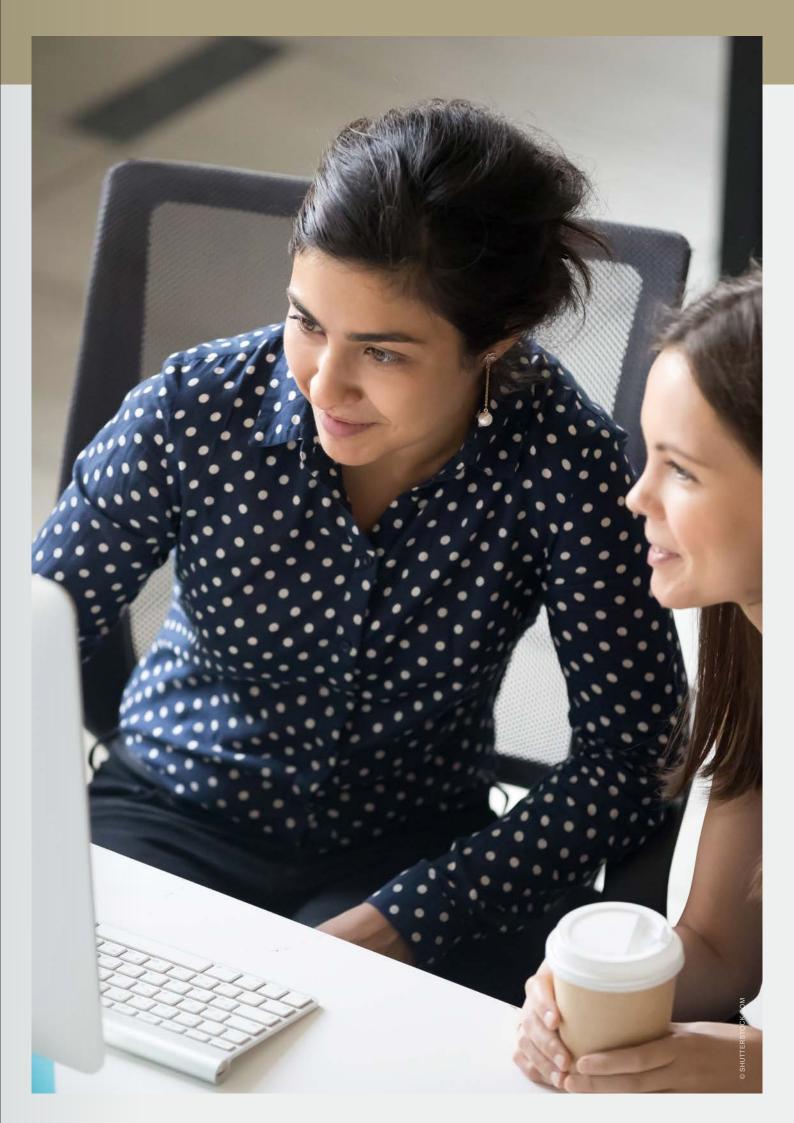


Usage 01

It can be used independently or alongside the RRAP-based analysis to better assess the overall situation in which institutions or enterprise finds itself. It can also be used to identify potential issues of concern;

Usage 02

It can be used to supplement the Step 4, 'Risks' sub-section of the RRAP Canvas. In this way, the Risk Assessment Toolkit provides a more nuanced analysis that contributes to Steps 5, 6, and 7 of the canvas.







IDENTIFICATION OF RISK		RISK ASSESSMENT		CURRENT TREATMENT OF RISK (IF IN PLACE)		RESPONSIBILITY	CHOICE OF [NEXT] RISK TREATMENT		
What is the risk a know that it is em		How serious is the (based on the 5 ×			Has anything been done with respect to the risk?	What are the dynamics?	Who is / will be in charge?	What should be d	one about this
TYPE OF RISK [CAUSE + EFFECT]	RISK TRIGGERS	LIKELIHOOD OF RISK OCCURRENCE	IMPACT OF THE RISK	SERIOUSNESS OF RISK	PROCESSES IN PLACE TO RESOLVE THE RISK	CHANGE IN RISK	OWNER(S) OF THE RISK	CHOICE OF RISK TREATMENT (RISK RESPONSE)	DETAILS OF RISK TREATMENT
What is the risk about [in cause + effect format]	What are the warning signs indicating that the risk is likely to occur?	What is the probability of occurrence of this risk? (Please use the risk matrix)	How much this risk would impact the entity, If it would occur? (Please use the risk matrix)	What is the overall seriousness of the risk? Derivative from the combination of the other two criteria (Please use the risk matrix)	Describe anything which has already been done with respect to the risk	If the risk had been assessed before, how has it evolved? *Skip if the risk is new or has never been assessed*	Who is responsible for managing this risk within the entity?	Choose the approach for addressing this risk	What exact measures are envisaged?
Choose one: Use Risk	Enter text:	Choose one:	Choose one: > Catastrophic	Choose one: > Severe	Enter text: Describe	Choose one: New or never	Enter text: Name of the	Choose one: Avoid/	Enter text: Describe
Taxonomy	warning signs	certain (81-100%) > Likely (61-80%) > Possible (41-60%) > Unlikely (21-40%) > Rare (1-20%)	› Major › Moderate › Minor › Insignificant	› Major › Moderate › Minor	relevant measures	assessed > Has not changed; > Decreased; > Increased; > Was eliminated/avoided	responsible individual or group	Terminate; > Transfer; > Mitigate; > Tolerate (and monitor)	the relevant measures

ACTION PLAN

When would the measures be implemented?	Where do I acquire the resources that I lack?								
TIMEFRAME FOR IMPLEMENTATION	NECESSARY RESOURCES AND THEIR MOBILIZATION []								
When should risk treatment measures be implemented'?	What resources are needed and how exactly should they be managed? (Mark available resources which could contribute to the solutions) e. m.								
	PEOPLE	TIME	EQUIPMENT	WORKING SPACE	INFORMATION	EXPERIENCE	MONEY		
Choose one: Immediately; Within a week; Within a quarter; Continuously, before the next assessment / major change in circumstances	Choose one: Not relevant nor available; Hire; Dismiss; Transfer; Assign new / extra tasks; Outsorce tasks; Second; Train; Motivate; Suspend	Choose one: Not relevant nor available; Extend; Prioritize; Reschedule	Choose one: Not relevant nor available; Acquire; Rent; Pool together; Update/ Upgrade; Dispose of; Recycle	Choose one: Not relevant nor available; Rent; Offer for Rent; Purchase	Choose one: Not relevant nor available; Collect; Systemize; Purchase access to; Process; Share	Choose one: Not relevant nor available; Gain; Pay for (purchase); Outsource (""sell""); Share; Pool together	Choose one: Not relevant nor available; Raise; Borrow; Claim back / Recover; Cut on expenses; Reallocate funds; Earn	Enter text: Provide more details about the relevant steps, if needed	

Risk Assessment Toolkit / Manual Assessment / Example

IDENTIFICATIO	N OF RISK	RISK ASSESSM	MENT		CURRENT TREATMENT OF RISK (IF IN PLACE)		RESPONSIBILITY	CHOICE OF [NE TREATMENT	XT] RISK
What is the risk a know that it is em		How serious is th (based on the 5 >			Has anything been done with respect to the risk?	What are the dynamics?	Who is / will be in charge?	What should be o	lone about this
TYPE OF RISK [CAUSE + EFFECT]	RISK TRIGGERS	LIKELIHOOD OF RISK OCCURRENCE	IMPACT OF THE RISK	SERIOUSNESS OF RISK	PROCESSES IN PLACE TO RESOLVE THE RISK	CHANGE IN RISK	OWNER(S) OF THE RISK	CHOICE OF RISK TREATMENT (RISK RESPONSE)	DETAILS OF RISK TREATMENT
What is the risk about [in cause + effect format]	What are the warning signs indicating that the risk is likely to occur?	What is the probability of occurrence of this risk? (Please use the risk matrix)	How much this risk would impact the entity, If it would occur? (Please use the risk matrix)	What is the overall seriousness of the risk? Derivative from the combination of the other two criteria (Please use the risk matrix)	Describe anything which has already been done with respect to the risk	If the risk had been assessed before, how has it evolved? *Skip if the risk is new or has never been assessed*	Who is responsible for managing this risk within the entity?	Choose the approach for addressing this risk	What exact measures are envisaged?
C2 Internal / ICT and Related	Unstable Internet connection; Bugs reported by the staff during teleconferences; Low speed internet	Likely (61-80%)	Moderate	Major	Staff attempts not to schedule more than one video call at the same time	Decreased	Ms. Jantou (IT Manager)	Avoid	Ensure the internet connection is strong for staff work without limitations and interuptions
Internal / ICT	Internet connection; Bugs reported by the staff during teleconferences; Low speed		Moderate Major	Major	attempts not to schedule more than one video call at the same	Decreased		Avoid Mitigate	internet connection is strong for staff work without limitations and

of their absence

Employees

are advised

measures,

working at

night

especially if

to take safety

New or never

assessed

Ms. Priwae

(Security

Officer)

Transfer

Criminal

activity

detected in

Employees

working at night;

the area;

E1

Internal

/ Other

Operational

Possible

(41-60%)

Catastrophic

Major

Engage professional

security to

ensure the

safety of the

and alleviate concerns

employees

When would the

measures be

implemented?

TIMEFRAME FOR IMPLEMENTATION

When should

risk treatment

measures be

implemented'?

Within a month

Immediately

Continuosly

Within a month

PEOPLE

Extend

Prioritize

Reschedule

Reschedule

Outsource

Train

Assign new / extra tasks

Outsource

tasks

	ACTION PLAN

Where do I acquire the resources that I lack?

NECESSARY RESOURCES AND THEIR MOBILIZATION

What resources are needed and how exactly should they be managed?

(Mark available resources which could contribute to the solutions)

WORKING SPACE

Offer for rent

Offer for rent

Available

Offer for rent

INFORMATION

Collect

Systemize

Collect

Collect

EXPERIENCE

Reallocate

Claim back/

Recover

Available

Reallocate

funds

funds

Outsource

Outsource

Available

Pay for

(purchase)

(sell)

(sell)

EQUIPMENT

Upgrade/

Upgrade/

Available

Share

Update

Update

Where to get the lacking

resources?*

DETAILS OF RESOURCE MOBILIZATION ACTIONS, IF ANY

How exactly the

resources are

expected to be

mobilized?

Systemize

Train staff

Establish

monitoring mechanism on the project managers level (coordinated by Ms. Cerpon)

Continue

monitoring security risks; Monitor the performance of the outsourced tasks (Ms. Priwae)

to increase performance Prioritize key project assignments; Consider renting unused offices or changing offices

information about connection issues; Subscribe to a better internet package addressing these concerns

GLOSSARY OF TERMS

The risk taxonomy is the categorization of risk types that could be referred to in risk identification. These risk types are non-exhaustive.

Internal / Compliance:

- 1. Non-compliance with requirements related to workplace management à resulting in complaints, legal proceedings, loss of performance efficiency and / or employee trust
- 2. Non-compliance with laws and regulations related to core activities à resulting in complaints, legal proceedings, loss of stakeholder trust
- 3. Non-compliance with contractual obligations à resulting in complaints, legal proceedings, loss of stakeholder trust

Internal / Financial:

- 1. Reduction in funding, resulting in inability to implement programmed activities
- 2. Increase in actual expenses leading to overreach of the budget, resulting in inability to fully implement programmed activities
- 3. Inability to secure funding for future activities, resulting in inability to implement them / threatening the enterprise's/institution's existence
- 4. Misuse of funds / financial fraud, resulting in the loss of stakeholder trust
- 5. Shortage of liquidity, interfering with daily operations, preventing timely salary payments to the staff

Internal / ICT and Related:

- 1. Cyber security breaches (including data breaches), resulting in leaks of sensitive information leading to loss of trust and reputational damage
- 2. Lack or insufficiency of internet access, making the work online / in a teleconference mode impossible

Internal / People:

- 1. Lack of sufficiently qualified / skilled staff, delaying implementation of activities or making it impossible
- 2. Quantitative insufficiency of staff able to perform the available tasks, delaying implementation of activities or making it impossible
- 3. Lack of motivation in staff, negatively impacting overall and individual performance
- 4. Team work related problems, reducing overall performance efficiency
- 5. Inability of staff to report to work (due to mobility restrictions; sickness; other reasons (f.e. caregiving arrangements), disrupting the normal flow of work
- 6. Unethical / culturally unappropriated behavior of staff, resulting in loss of stakeholder trust and/or a reputational damage

INTERNAL / Other Operational:

- 1. Physical security risk (f.e. accidents / attacks) affecting employees scheduled to work at night, resulting in physical / emotional harm caused to such employees, their absence from work, financial losses, reputational damages)
- 2. Inability to work on the premises / maintain usual working patterns at the premises, necessitating adjustments in work flow, work load and the other relevant arrangements
- 3. Insufficient access to relevant information, resulting in insufficiently informed decisions / outputs

EXTERNAL / Reputational:

- 1. Negative feedback from stakeholders, resulting in loss of partnerships, loss of public and stakeholder trust, leading to challenges in ensuring continuity of operations
- 2. Negative media spotlight or publicity, resulting in loss of partnerships, loss of public and stakeholder trust -leading to challenges in ensuring continuity of operations

EXTERNAL / Other:

- 1. Change in the donor interests, impacting conceptualization or implementation of the projects and/or necessitating adjustments in the current portfolio of projects / activities
- 2. Change in the beneficiaries' priorities / preferences, impacting conceptualization or implementation of the projects and/or necessitating adjustments in the current portfolio of projects / activities
- 3. Retreat of existing partners in the joint projects, leading to the need to reconsider / modify the implementation frameworks
- 4. Unreliability / problems in cooperation with new partners, making implementation more difficult or leading to the need to reconsider / modify the implementation frameworks
- **5.** Emergence of the new cross-border trade restrictions impacting stakeholders' activities, necessitating additional assessment, analytical and training efforts
- 6. Increase of regulatory burden of relevance to the activities of the enterprise or the institution, requiring more human and/ or financial resources
- 7. Changes in competition in the areas of enterprise's/institution's core competence, making it more difficult to secure new work
- **8.** Inability of beneficiaries to engage in the programme / project activities, delaying implementation of the programme / projects or rendering it impossible

The risk matrix offers a visualization of the levels of risk based on its likelihood and impact. The resultant cell therefore indicates the overall severity of the risk.

	ALMOST CERTAIN (81-100%) "is expected to occur"	5 MODERATE	10 MODERATE	15 MAJOR	20 SEVERE	25 SEVERE
	LIKELY (61-80%) "will occur"	4 MINOR	8 MODERATE	12 MAJOR	16 MAJOR	20 SEVERE
Likelihood	POSSIBLE (41-60%) "could occur"	3 MINOR	6 MODERATE	9 MODERATE	12 MAJOR	15 MAJOR
	UNLIKELY (21-40%) "might occur"	2 MINOR	4 MINOR	6 MODERATE	8 MODERATE	10 MODERATE
	RARE (1-20%) "may [exceptionally] occur"	1 MINOR	2 MINOR	3 MINOR	4 MINOR	5 MODERATE

Impact

INSIGNIFICANT

Fairly insignificant, may lead to a short delay in the achievement of the objectives and/or have small impact on quality and costs.

MINOR

Some impact, albeit no serious harm / delays/ cost increases

MODERATE

Moderate, non-negligible impact

MAJOR

Significant impact on the enterprise's or institution's goals goals and potential damage

SEVERE

May cause key objectives to fail.



Avoiding / Tolerating Risk

Monitoring the risk to trace changes in its seriousness, without taking actions aimed at its mitigation or reduction.

Terminating Risk

Eliminating the risk by changing inherently risky practices and processes.

Mitigating Risk

Controlling the risk to reduce the likelihood of is occurrence/ or minimize its impact before its occurrence.

Transferring Risk

Shifting the risk to third parties.

#SheTrades

HER SUCCESS. OUR FUTURE.

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